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3 Hand Ranking

3.1 Class Definition

A class has to be defined that handles the hand recognition.

An array of up to 7 cards is passed to the get-hand-value-function (pocket + common cards) and it returns the hand type (1-9) plus a unique value so it can be compared to other hands (the better the hand, the higher the value)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <iostream>
#include "SCHelpFunctions.h"

class SCRanking
{
    //v003, 2015.04.11 M.Buchty
    //    cleaned and switched to use help class
    //v002, 2014.12.02 M.Buchty
    //    version used to create SCLookUpTables
    //v001, 2014.11.11 M.Buchty
    //    first published version

public:
    int GetHandValue(int Cards[7], int CardCountInput);

    //global data
    int HandType;           //9 = Royal-/StraightFlush, 8 = Four-of-a-Kind, 7 = FullHouse,
    ..., 2 = Pair, 1 = HighCard
    int HandValue;         //9xxxxxx = Royal-/StraightFlush, 8xxxxxx = Four-of-a-Kind, ...

private:
    //functions for GetHandValue
    void AnalyseInputData(int Cards[7], int CardCountInput);
    void AnalyseInputData2(int Cards[7]);
    int CheckStraightFlush(int Length);
    int CheckFourKind(int ValueOfQuad);
    int CheckFullHouse(int ValueOfTriple);
    int CheckFlush();
    int CheckStraight();
    int CheckThreeKind(int ValueOfTriple);
    int CheckTwoPairs(int ValueOfFirstPair);
    int CheckPair(int ValueOfPair);
    int CheckHighCard();

    //help functions
    int SortCompare(const void *a, const void *b);
    static void SortArray (int *Array, size_t Length);
    static int Maximum (int Cards[], int Length);
    static int Search(int Array[], int Length, int Entry);
    static int SearchX(int Array[], int Length, int Entry, int FilteredPos);
    static int Clean(int CardsValues[], int CardsColors[], int Length, int TargetColor, int
CardsCleaned[]);

    //global data
    int CardCount;           //number of cards
    int CardsSorted[7];     //up to 7 cards (value 0-51) sorted (highest first)
    int CardsValue[7];     //the value of these cards (0-12)
    int CardsColor[7];     //the color of these cards (0-3)
    int CardsPocketValue[2]; //the value of the pocket cards (0-12)
    int CardsPocketColor[2]; //the color of the pocket cards (0-3)
    int CardsCommonValue[5]; //the value of the common cards (0-12)
    int CardsCleaned[8];   //the value of the cards (0-12) that correspond to the color
that exists most
    //
    //
    //this color is indicated in "CountColorsMaxPos"
    //this array has an additional position at the end that will
be used on "CheckStraightFlush"
```

```

    int CountValues[13];           //array with count for each card value 0-12
    int CountColors[4];           //array with count for each card color 0-3
    int CountValuesMax;           //highest count of card values
    int CountColorsMax;           //highest count of card colors
    int CountValuesMaxPos;        //card value with highest count
//                                //if two max positions exist, the higher card value is
returned
    int CountValuesSecPos;        //card value with highest count if CountValuesMaxPos is
disregarded
    int CountColorsMaxPos;        //card color with highest count
//                                //as with card values, the higher value is returned (but it
does not matter, which)
    int CountCommonValues[13];    //array with count for each card value 0-12
    int CountCommonColors[4];     //array with count for each card color 0-3

    struct                        //help structure for std::sort
    {
        bool operator()(int a, int b) {return a > b;}
    } SortGreater;
};

```

3.2 Get Hand Value Function

This is the only public function (being called from outside the class), all the others are privat (used internally after the main function is called).

```
//converts the input card array into a defined hand value
//this value can be used to check who has the best hand (highest value wins)
int SCRanking::GetHandValue(int Cards[], int CardCountInput)
{
    //IN:  Cards[7]           = 0-51           (local)
    //     CardCountInput    = 5-7
    //     CountColorsMax    = 2-7           (class global)
    //     CountValuesMax    = 1-4
    //     CountValuesMaxPos = 0-12
    //OUT: return            = 1211629-9000012 (local)
    //     HandValue         = 1211629-9000012 (class global)

    //v003, 2015.09.15 M.Buchty
    //     cleaned and switched to use help class
    //v002, 2014.12.02 M.Buchty
    //     version used to create SCLookUpTables
    //v001, 2014.11.08 M.Buchty
    //     first published version

    //check prepare input data
    AnalyseInputData(Cards, CardCountInput);

    // -----

    //initialize return value
    //this function will end after the first check program detects anything and overwrites
    this value
    HandValue = 0;

    if (CountColorsMax >= 5)
    {
        HandValue = CheckStraightFlush(CountColorsMax);
        if (HandValue != 0) { return HandValue; }           //stop and return if Royal
    } //check Royal Flush or Straight Flush                //continue if trigger detected
    Flush or Straight Flush was found

    if (CountValuesMax >= 4)
    {
        HandValue = CheckFourKind(CountValuesMaxPos);
        return HandValue;                                   //stop and return as a Four-
    } //check Four-of-a-Kind                               of-a-Kind must have been found

    if (CountValuesMax >= 3)
    {
        HandValue = CheckFullHouse(CountValuesMaxPos);
        if (HandValue != 0) { return HandValue; }           //stop and return if Full
    } //check Full House                                   House was found
    Three-of-a-Kind only                                   //continue if trigger detected

    if (CountColorsMax >= 5)
    {
        HandValue = CheckFlush();
        return HandValue;                                   //stop and return as a Flush
    } //check Flush                                       must have been found

    HandValue = CheckStraight();
    if (HandValue != 0) { return HandValue; }           //stop and return if
    Straight was found
    //                                                     //continue with anything else
}
```

```

    if (CountValuesMax >= 3)
    {
        HandValue = CheckThreeKind(CountValuesMaxPos);
        return HandValue; //stop and return as a Three-
of-a-Kind must have been found
    } //check Three-of-a-Kind

    if (CountValuesMax >= 2)
    {
        HandValue = CheckTwoPairs(CountValuesMaxPos);
        if (HandValue != 0) { return HandValue; } //stop and return if Two
Pairs were found
        // //continue if trigger detected
        Pair only

        HandValue = CheckPair(CountValuesMaxPos);
        return HandValue; //stop and return as a Pair
    } //check TwoPair and Pair

    HandValue = CheckHighCard();
    return HandValue; //if nothing was found, return
High Card
}

```

3.3 Analyse Input Data

```
//checks for correct input value on "Cards"
//breaks down card code 0-51 into values 0-12, colors 0-3
//counts values and colors, stores maximum counts
void SCRanking::AnalyseInputData(int Cards[], int CardCountInput)
{
    //IN:  Cards[7]           = 0-51 (local)
    //     CardCountInput     = 5-7
    //     SortGreater        = 0-1 (class global)
    //OUT: CardCount          = 5-7 (class global)
    //     CardsSorted[7]     = 0-51
    //     HandType           = 0
    //     HandPointer        = 0
    //     FlushDrawPointer   = 0
    //     StraightDrawpointer = 0
    //     CardsValue[7]      = 0-51
    //     CountValues[13]    = 0-4
    //     CardsColors[7]     = 0-3
    //     CountColors[13]    = 0-7
    //     CountValuesMax     = 1-4
    //     CountValuesMaxPos  = 0-12
    //     CountValuesSecPos  = 0-12
    //     CountColorsMax     = 2-7
    //     CountColorsMaxPos  = 0-12
    //     CardsCleaned[7]    = 0-12

    //v003, 2015.09.15 M.Buchty
    //     cleaned and switched to use help class
    //v002, 2014.12.02 M.Buchty
    //     version used to create SCLookUpTables
    //v001, 2014.11.08 M.Buchty
    //     first published version

    // -----
    //check and sort input cards

    //copy number of cards in global variable
    CardCount = CardCountInput;

    if (SCHelp::CheckDoubleCards(Cards, CardCount))
        { SCHelp::ErrorMessage("SCRanking", "AnalyseInputData", "CheckDouble"); }

    //copy values to new array as the original array should not be changed (by sorting)
    for (int i=0; i < CardCount; i++)
    {
        //check if card-array contains valid entries only
        if (Cards[i] < 0 or Cards[i] > 51)
        {
            SCHelp::ErrorMessage("SCRanking", "AnalyseInputData", "Cards");
        } //only for debugging

        CardsSorted[i] = Cards[i];
    }

    //sort complete card array (highest first)
    //some detections later on require a sorted array
    std::sort(CardsSorted, CardsSorted + CardCount, SortGreater);

    // -----
    //main arrays

    //reset values (from previous hands)
    HandType           = 0;
    HandPointer        = 0;
    FlushDrawPointer   = 0;
    XtraPointer        = 0;
    for (int i=0; i < 13; i++) { CountValues [i] = 0; }
    for (int i=0; i < 4; i++) { CountColors [i] = 0; }
    for (int i=0; i < 7; i++) { CardsCleaned[i] = -1; }
```

```

//convert card code 0-51 into individual arrays with values, colors, etc
for (int i=0; i < CardCount; i++)
{
    int ActCard          = CardsSorted[i];
    int ActValue         = ActCard / 4;
    CardsValue[i]       = ActValue;
    CountValues[ActValue] ++;
    int ActColor        = ActCard - ActValue * 4;
    CardsColor[i]       = ActColor;
    CountColors[ActColor] ++;
}
//set not existing cards to -1 (easier for debugging when reviewing arrays)
for (int i=CardCount; i < 7; i++)
{
    CardsValue[i]        = -1;
    CardsSorted[i]       = -1;
}

// -----
//calculate maxima

//analyze the height of maxima (values and colors) and where they are
CountValuesMax          = Maximum(CountValues, 13);
CountValuesMaxPos       = Search(CountValues, 13, CountValuesMax);
CountValuesSecPos       = -1; //will be written at CheckFullHouse or CheckTwoPair
CountColorsMax          = Maximum(CountColors, 4);
CountColorsMaxPos       = Search(CountColors, 4, CountColorsMax);

//extract array of colors only (required for flush hands)
int CountColorsMax2 = Clean(CardsValue, CardsColor, CardCount, CountColorsMaxPos,
CardsCleaned);
if (CountColorsMax2 != CountColorsMax)
{
    SCHelp::ErrorMessage("SCRanking", "AnalyseInputData", "CountColorsMax");
} //only for debugging
}

```

3.4 Straight Flush

```
//check if the cards form a Royal or Straight Flush
int SCRanking::CheckStraightFlush(int Length)
{
    //IN: Length = 0-7 (local)
    // CardsCleaned[5-7] = 0-12 (class global)
    // CountColorsMax = 2-7
    //OUT: return = 9000000 - 9000012 (local)
    // HandType = 9 (class global)

    //v003, 2015.09.15 M.Buchty
    // cleaned and switched to use help class
    //v002, 2014.12.02 M.Buchty
    // version used to create SCLookUpTables
    //v001, 2014.11.08 M.Buchty
    // first published version

    //start with first card
    int StartValue = CardsCleaned[0]; //pointer to highest card in the street
    int Count = 1; //count number of cards in a row (this value
must reach 5 to form a straight)

    //duplicate Ace (copy to the end) as it can count as "One" as well
    if (StartValue == 12)
    {
        CardsCleaned[Length] = -1; //as "Two" corresponds number 0, the Ace as
"One" corresponds -1
        Length += 1;
    }

    //go through all other cards
    for(int i=1; i < CountColorsMax; i++) //start at 1 as first card was already read
out
    {
        int ActValue = CardsCleaned[i];

        if (ActValue == CardsCleaned[i-1]-1)
        {
            Count += 1;
            if (Count >= 5) //if 5 cards in a row are found, return result
            {
                HandType = 9; //9" means Straight Flush or Royal Flush
                int ReturnValue = 9000000;
                ReturnValue += StartValue; //adds the value-code of the highest card
                return ReturnValue; //return with success
            }
        }
        else
        {
            StartValue = ActValue; //restart new search from this card on
            Count = 1;
        }
    }

    return 0; //return without success (no Straight, must be
Flush)
}
```

3.5 Four-of-a-Kind

```
//return code of the Four-of-a-Kind
int SCRanking::CheckFourKind(int ValueOfQuad)
{
    //IN: ValueOfQuad = 0-12 (local)
    // CardsValue[5-7] = 0-12 (class global)
    //OUT: return = 8000000 - 8xxxxxx (local)
    // HandType = 8 (class global)

    //v003, 2015.09.15 M.Buchty
    // cleaned and switched to use help class
    //v002, 2014.12.02 M.Buchty
    // version used to create SCLookUpTables
    //v001, 2014.11.08 M.Buchty
    // first published version

    HandType = 8; // "8" means Four-of-a-Kind
    int ReturnValue = 8000000;
    ReturnValue += ValueOfQuad * 13; // adds the value-code of the quad (on
    position 13^1)

    for(int i=0; i < 5; i++) // the quad uses 4 cards, so (at latest)
    the 5th must be the kicker
    {
        if (CardsValue[i] != ValueOfQuad) // search kicker (highest card that does
        not belong to the quad)
        {
            ReturnValue += CardsValue[i]; // adds the value-code of the kicker (on
            position 13^0)
            return ReturnValue; // return with success
        }
    }

    SHelp::ErrorMessage("SCRanking", "CheckFourKind", "End");
    return 0; // return without success (should never
    happen)
}
```

3.6 Full House

```
//check if the cards form a Full House and return code
int SCRanking::CheckFullHouse(int ValueOfTriple)
{
    //IN: ValueOfTriple      = 0-12          (local)
    //    CountValues[13]    = 0-4          (class global)
    //OUT: return            = 7000000 - 7xxxxxx (local)
    //    HandType           = 7            (class global)
    //    CountValuesSecPos  = 0-12

    //v003, 2015.09.15 M.Buchty
    //    cleaned and switched to use help class
    //v002, 2014.12.02 M.Buchty
    //    version used to create SCLookUpTables
    //v001, 2014.11.08 M.Buchty
    //    first published version

    //search if a pair exists (could be taken out of a minor triple)
    int ValueOfPair = SearchX(CountValues, 13, 2, ValueOfTriple);
    if (ValueOfPair > -1)
    {
        HandType          = 7;                //"7" means Full House
        CountValuesSecPos = ValueOfPair;      //store value of pair for later use

        int ReturnValue    = 7000000;
        ReturnValue        += ValueOfTriple * 13; //adds the value-code of the triple (on
position 13^1)
        ReturnValue        += ValueOfPair;      //adds the value-code of the pair (on
position 13^0)
        return ReturnValue;                    //return with success
    }

    return 0;                                //return without success (no Full Fouse,
must be Three-of-a-Kind)
}
```

3.7 Flush

```
//return code of the Flush
int SCRanking::CheckFlush()
{
    //IN: CardsCleaned[5-7] = 0-12          (class global)
    //OUT: return           = 6000000 - 6xxxxxx (local)
    //      HandType        = 6              (class global)

    //v003, 2015.09.15 M.Buchty
    //      cleaned and switched to use help class
    //v002, 2014.12.02 M.Buchty
    //      version used to create SCLookUpTables
    //v001, 2014.11.08 M.Buchty
    //      first published version

    HandType      = 6;                //"6" means Flush
    int ReturnValue = 6000000;

    int exp = 28561;                //start with position 13^4
    for(int i=0; i <= 4; i++)
    {
        ReturnValue += CardsCleaned[i] * exp; //adds the value-code of the card
        exp          /= 13;                //decrease position (from 13^4 to 13^3 to 13^2
etc)
    }

    return ReturnValue;                //return with success
}
```

3.8 Straight

```
//check if the cards form a Straight and return code
int SCRanking::CheckStraight()
{
    //IN: CountValues[13] = 0-4 (class global)
    //OUT: return = 5000000 - 5xxxxxx (local)
    // HandType = 5 (class global)

    //v003, 2015.09.15 M.Buchty
    // cleaned and switched to use help class
    //v002, 2014.12.02 M.Buchty
    // version used to create SCLookUpTables
    //v001, 2014.11.08 M.Buchty
    // first published version

    int Count = 0;
    for(int i=12; i >= 0; i--)
    {
        if (CountValues[i] >= 1) { Count ++; }
        else { Count = 0; } //count consecutive cards

        if (Count == 5) //write result, if count was successful
        {
            HandType = 5; // "5" means Straight
            int ReturnValue = 5000000;
            ReturnValue += i+4; //adds the value-code of the highest card
            //return with success
            return ReturnValue;
        }
    }

    if (Count == 4 and CountValues[12] >= 1) //if the end was reached with cards 2-5
    plus "Ace"
    {
        HandType = 5; // "5" means Straight
        return 5000003; //return with Straight "Ace" to "Five"
    }

    return 0; //return without success (no Straight,
could be anything lower)
}
```

3.9 Three-of-a-Kind

```
//return code of the Three-of-a-Kind
int SCRanking::CheckThreeKind(int ValueOfTriple)
{
    //IN: ValueOfTriple = 0-12          (local)
    //    CardsValue[5-7] = 0-7        (class global)
    //OUT: return       = 4000000 - 4xxxxxx (local)
    //     HandType     = 4             (class global)

    //v003, 2015.09.15 M.Buchty
    //    cleaned and switched to use help class
    //v002, 2014.12.02 M.Buchty
    //    version used to create SCLookUpTables
    //v001, 2014.11.08 M.Buchty
    //    first published version

    HandType     = 4;                //"4" means Triple
    int ReturnValue = 4000000;
    ReturnValue += ValueOfTriple * 169; //adds the value-code of the Triple (on the
13^2 position)

    int exp = 13;
    for(int i=0; i < 5; i++)          //the Triple uses 3 cards, so (at the latest)
    //                                //                                the 4th and
5th must be the kicker
    {
        if (CardsValue[i] != ValueOfTriple) //search kicker (that do not belong to the
quad)
        {
            ReturnValue += CardsValue[i] * exp; //adds the value-code of the kicker (on the
13^1 to 13^0 positions)
            exp /= 13;                       //decrease position (from 13^4 to 13^3 to 13^2
etc)

            if (exp < 1)
            {
                return ReturnValue;          //return with success
            }
        }
    }

    SCHelp::ErrorMessage("SCRanking", "CheckThreeKind", "End");
    return 0;                             //return without success (should never happen)
}
```

3.10 Two Pairs

```
//check if the cards form two pair and return code
int SCRanking::CheckTwoPairs(int ValueOfFirstPair)
{
    //IN: ValueOfFirstPair = 0-12          (local)
    //    CountValues[13]  = 0-4          (class global)
    //OUT: return          = 3000000 - 3xxxxx (local)
    //     HandType        = 3            (class global)
    //     CountValuesSecPos = 0-12

    //v003, 2015.09.15 M.Buchty
    //    cleaned and switched to use help class
    //v002, 2014.12.02 M.Buchty
    //    version used to create SCLookUpTables
    //v001, 2014.11.08 M.Buchty
    //    first published version

    //search if second pair exists
    int ValueOfSecondPair = SearchX(CountValues, 13, 2, ValueOfFirstPair);

    if (ValueOfSecondPair > -1)
    {
        HandType          = 3;          //"3" means Two Pair
        CountValuesSecPos = ValueOfSecondPair; //store value of second pair for later
use

        int ReturnValue   = 3000000;
        ReturnValue += ValueOfFirstPair * 169; //adds the value-code of the first
pair (on the 13^2 position)
        ReturnValue += ValueOfSecondPair * 13; //adds the value-code of the second
pair (on the 13^1 position)

        for(int i=12; i >= 0; i--)          //search the remaining kicker
        {
            if (CountValues[i] >= 1 and i != ValueOfFirstPair and i != ValueOfSecondPair)
            {
                ReturnValue += i;          //adds the value-code of the kicker
                return ReturnValue;       //return with success
            }
        }

        return 0;                          //return without success (no Two Pair,
must be Pair)
    }
}
```

3.11 Pair

```
//return code of the Pair
int SCRanking::CheckPair(int ValueOfPair)
{
    //IN: ValueOfPair    = 0-12          (local)
    //    CardsValue[5-7] = 0-7          (class global)
    //OUT: return        = 2000000 - 2xxxxxx (local)
    //     HandType      = 2              (class global)

    //v003, 2015.09.15 M.Buchty
    //    cleaned and switched to use help class
    //v002, 2014.12.02 M.Buchty
    //    version used to create SCLookUpTables
    //v001, 2014.11.08 M.Buchty
    //    first published version

    HandType      = 2;                //"2" means Pair
    int ReturnValue = 2000000;
    ReturnValue    += ValueOfPair * 2197; //adds the value-code of the Pair (on the 13^3
position)

    int exp = 169;                    //first kicker starts on the 13^2 position
    for(int i=0; i < 5; i++)          //the Pair uses 4 cards, so (at latest) the
3rd to 5th must be the kicker
    {
        if (CardsValue[i] != ValueOfPair) //search kicker (that do not belong to the
pair)
        {
            ReturnValue += CardsValue[i] * exp; //adds the value-code of the kicker (on the
13^2 to 13^0 positions)
            exp          /= 13;                //decrease position (from 13^4 to 13^3 to 13^2
etc)

            if (exp < 1)                  //if no kicker is left to be found
            {
                return ReturnValue;        //return with success
            }
        }
    }

    SHelp::ErrorMessage("SCRanking", "CheckPair", "End");
    return 0;                            //return without success (should never happen)
}
```

3.12 High Card

```
//return code of the High Card
int SCRanking::CheckHighCard()
{
    //IN: CardsValue[5-7] = 0-7          (class global)
    //OUT: return         = 1000000 - 1xxxxxx (local)
    //     HandType       = 1             (class global)

    //v003, 2015.09.15 M.Buchty
    //     cleaned and switched to use help class
    //v002, 2014.12.02 M.Buchty
    //     version used to create SCLookUpTables
    //v001, 2014.11.08 M.Buchty
    //     first published version

    HandType = 1; // "1" means High Card
    int ReturnValue = 1000000;

    int exp = 28561;
    for(int i=0; i <= 4; i++)
    {
        ReturnValue += CardsValue[i] * exp; //adds the value-code of the card
        exp /= 13; //decrease position (from 13^4 to 13^3 to 13^2
etc)
    }

    return ReturnValue; //return with success
}
```